

# **Safety Data Sheet**

LASER 4.5% CO2/ 13.5% N2/ He

### **Section 1: Product and Company Identification**

Cee Kay Supply, Inc 5835 Manchester Avenue Saint Louis, MO 63110 www.CKSupply.com (314) 644-3500

Product Code: LASER 4.5% CO2/ 13.5% N2/ He

Synonyms: Recommended Use: Usage Restrictions:

### **Section 2: Hazards Identification**



#### Hazard Classification: Gases Under Pressure

**Hazard Statements:** 

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

**Precautionary Statements** 

Storage:

Protect from sunlight.
Store in well-ventilated place.

### Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

	CAS#	Concentration	
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	4.5%	

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	CAS # Concentration	
Helium	7440-59-7	Balance
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	13.5%

	Chemical Substance	Chemical Family	Trade Names
Carbon Dioxide	CARBON DIOXIDE, GAS	Inorganic gases	CARBONIC ACID GAS; CARBONIC ANHYDRIDE; CARBON DIOXIDE; CARBON OXIDE; UN 1013; CO2
Helium	HELIUM	Inorganic gases	HELIUM GAS; HELIUM COMPRESSED; HELIUM-4; ATOMIC HELIUM; UN 1046; He
Nitrogen	NITROGEN, COMPRESSED GAS	Inorganic gases	DIATOMIC NITROGEN; DINITROGEN; NITROGEN; NITROGEN-14; NITROGEN GAS; UN 1066; N2

## **Section 4: First Aid Measures**

	Skin Contact	Eye Contact	Ingestion	Inhalation	Note to Physicians
Carbon Dioxide	If frostbite or freezing occur, immediately flush with plenty of lukewarm water (105-115 F; 41-46 C). DO NOT USE HOT WATER. If warm water is not available, gently wrap affected parts in blankets. Get immediate medical attention.	Contact with liquid: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	Do not induce vomiting.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.
Helium	Wash exposed skin with soap and water.	Flush eyes with plenty of water.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.
Nitrogen	Wash exposed skin with soap and water.	Flush eyes with plenty of water.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.

## **Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures**

	Suitable Extinguishing Media	Products of Combustion	Protection of Firefighters
Carbon Dioxide	Non-flammable	Non-flammable	<ul> <li>Any appropriate escape-type, self- contained breathing apparatus.</li> <li>Non-flammable</li> </ul>
Helium	Non-flammable. Use suitable extinguishing media for surrounding fire.	Non-flammable	<ul><li>Non-flammable</li><li>Non-flammable</li></ul>
Nitrogen	Non-flammable. Use suitable extinguishing media for surrounding fire. Cylinders may rupture or explode if exposed to heat.	Non-flammable	<ul> <li>Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure.</li> </ul>

## **Section 6: Accidental Release Measures**

Personal Precautions	Environmental Precautions	Methods for
		Containment

	Personal Precautions	Environmental Precautions	Methods for Containment
Carbon Dioxide	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Do not touch spilled material.	Subject to California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65). Keep out of water supplies and sewers.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk.
		Avoid soil, waterways, drains and sewers	Stop leak if possible without personal risk.
Nitrogen	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas.	No significant effects from contamination expected.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk.

	Methods for Cleanup	Other Information
Carbon Dioxide	Stop leak, evacuate, remove source of ignition.	None
Helium	Stop leak, evacuate area. Contact emergency personnel.	None
Nitrogen	N/A	N/A

### **Section 7: Handling and Storage**

	Handling	Storage
Carbon	Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101. Keep separated	Store and handle in accordance with all
Dioxide	from incompatible substances.	current regulations and standards
Helium	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101.	Keep separated from incompatible substances.
Nitrogen	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101.	Keep separated from incompatible substances.

## **Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**

	Exposure Guidelines
Carbon	CARBON DIOXIDE, GAS: CARBON DIOXIDE: 5000 ppm (9000 mg/m3) OSHA TWA 10000 ppm (18000 mg/m3) OSHA TWA
Dioxide	(vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 30000 ppm (54000 mg/m3) OSHA STEL (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 5000 ppm ACGIH TWA 30000 ppm ACGIH STEL 5000 ppm (9000 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s) 30000 ppm (54000 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended STEL
Helium	HELIUM: ACGIH (simple asphyxiant)
Nitrogen	NITROGEN, COMPRESSED GAS: NITROGEN: ACGIH (simple asphyxiant)

### **Engineering Controls**

Handle only in fully enclosed systems.

	Eye Protection	Skin Protection	Respiratory Protection
Carbon Dioxide	For the gas: Eye protection not required, but recommended. For the liquid: Wear splash resistant safety goggles. Contact lenses should not be worn. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.	For the gas: Protective clothing is not required. For the liquid: Wear appropriate protective, cold insulating clothing.	Any appropriate escape- type, self-contained breathing apparatus.
Helium	Eye protection not required, but recommended.	Protective clothing is not required.	Non-flammable
Nitrogen	Eye protection not required, but recommended.	Protective clothing is not required.	Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure.

### **General Hygiene considerations**

- Avoid breathing vapor or mist
- Avoid contact with eyes and skin
- Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating or drinking

### **Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties**

	Physical State	Appearance	Color	Change in Appearance	Physical Form	Odor	Taste
Carbon Dioxide	Gas	Colorless	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Odorless	Acid taste
Helium	Gas	Colorless	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Odorless	Tasteless

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	Physical State	Appearance	Color	Change in Appearance	Physical Form	Odor	Taste
Nitrogen	Gas	Clear	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Odorless	Tasteless

	Flash Point	Flammability	Partition Coefficient	Autoignition Temperature	Upper Explosive Limits	Lower Explosive Limits
Carbon Dioxide	Not flammable	Not available	N/A	Nonflammable	Nonflammable	Nonflammable
Helium	Not flammable	Not available	Not available	Nonflammable	Nonflammable	Nonflammable
Nitrogen	Not flammable	Not available	Not available	Nonflammable	Nonflammable	Nonflammable

	Boiling Point	Freezing Point	Vapor Pressure	Vapor Density	Specific Gravity	Water Solubility	рH	Odor Threshold	Evaporation Rate	Viscosity
Carbon Dioxide	Not available	-71 F (-57 C) @ 4000 mmHg	43700 mmHg @ 21 C	1.5 (Air=1)	1.522 @ 21 C	Soluble	3.7 (saturated aqueous solution) @ 101.3 kPa (carbonic acid)	Not available	Not applicable	0.01657 cP @ 0 C
Helium	-452 F (- 269 C)	-458 F (- 272 C) at 26 atm	1719 mmHg at -268 C	0.138 (Air=1)	Not applicable	0.94% at 0 C	Not applicable	Not available	Not applicable	0.02012 cP at 26.8 C
Nitrogen	-321 F (- 196 C)	-346 F (- 210 C)	760 mmHg @ -196 C	0.967 (Air=1)	Not applicable	1.6% @ 20 C	Not applicable	Not available	Not applicable	0.01787 cP @ 27 C

	Molecular Weight	Molecular Formula	Density	Weight per Gallon	Volatility by Volume	Volatility	Solvent Solubility
Carbon Dioxide	44.01	C-O2	0.114	Not available	Not applicable	Not applicable	Soluble: Alcohol, acetone, hydrocarbons, organic solvents
Helium	4.0026	He	0.1785 g/L at 0 C	Not available	100%	Not applicable	Insoluble: Not available
Nitrogen	28.0134	N2	1.2506 g/L	Not available	100%	1	Soluble: Liquid ammonia

# **Section 10: Stability and Reactivity**

	Stability	Conditions to Avoid	Incompatible Materials
Carbon Dioxide	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Combustible materials, oxidizing materials, metal salts, reducing agents, metal carbide, metals, bases
Helium	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	No data available.
Nitrogen	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Metals, oxidizing materials

	Hazardous Decomposition Products	Possibility of Hazardous Reactions
Carbon Dioxide	Carbon monoxide	Will not polymerize.
Helium	Miscellaneous decomposition products	Will not polymerize.
Nitrogen	Oxides of nitrogen	Will not polymerize.

# **Section 11: Toxicology Information**

### **Acute Effects**

	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation
Carbon Dioxide	Not established	Not established	Ringing in the ears, nausea, irregular heartbeat, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, tingling sensation, visual disturbances, suffocation, convulsions, coma
Helium	Not available	Not available	Nausea, vomiting, difficulty breathing, irregular heartbeat, headache, fatigue, dizziness, disorientation, emotional disturbances, tingling sensation, loss of coordination, suffocation, convulsions, unconsciousness, coma

	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation
Nitrogen	Not available	Not available	Nausea, vomiting, difficulty breathing, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, tingling sensation, loss of coordination, convulsions, coma

	Eye Irritation	Skin Irritation	Sensitization
Carbon Dioxide	Irritation, frostbite, blurred vision	Liquid: blisters, frostbite	Difficulty breathing
Helium	Liquid: frostbite, blurred vision	Liquid: frostbite	Difficulty breathing
Nitrogen	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite	No information on significant adverse effects	Difficulty breathing

#### **Chronic Effects**

	Carcinogenicity	Mutagenicity	Reproductive Effects	Developmental Effects
Carbon Dioxide	Not available	Not established	Available.	No data
Helium	Not available	Not available	Not available	No data
Nitrogen	Not hazardous	Not available	Not available	No data

## **Section 12: Ecological Information**

**Fate and Transport** 

	Eco toxicity	Persistence / Degradability	Bioaccumulation / Accumulation	Mobility in Environment
Carbon Dioxide	Fish toxicity: 150000 ug/L 48 day(s) (Mortality) Brown trout (Salmo trutta) Invertibrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Relatively non-persistent in the environment. Moderately volatile from water.	Accumulates very little in the bodies of living organisms.	Leaches through the soil
Helium	Fish toxicity: Not available Invertibrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Nitrogen	Fish toxicity: Not available Invertibrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available

## **Section 13: Disposal Considerations**

Carbon Dioxide	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Helium	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Nitrogen	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

## **Section 14: Transportation Information**

### U.S. DOT 49 CFR 172.101

#### **DOT Information For This Mixture**

Shipping Name	Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Helium, Nitrogen)
UN Number	UN1956
Hazard Class	2.2
Hazard Information	Non-Flammable Gas

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**Individual Component Information** 

	Proper Shipping Name	ID Number	Hazard Class or Division	Packing Group	Labeling Requirements	Passenger Aircraft or Railcar Quantity Limitations	Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity Limitations	Additional Shipping Description
Carbon Dioxide	Carbon dioxide	UN1013	2.2	Not applicable	2.2	75 kg or L	150kg	None
Helium	Helium, compressed	UN1046	2.2	Not applicable	2.2	75 kg or L	150 kg	N/A
Nitrogen	Nitrogen, compressed	UN1066	2.2	Not applicable	2.2	75 kg or L	150 kg	N/A

**Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods** 

	Shipping Name	UN Number	Class	Packing Group / Risk Group
Carbon Dioxide	Carbon dioxide	UN1013	2.2	Not applicable
Helium	Helium, compressed	UN1046	2.2	Not applicable
Nitrogen	Nitrogen, compressed	UN1066	2.2	Not applicable

# Section 15: Regulatory Information

**U.S. Regulations** 

	CERCLA Sections	SARA 355.30	SARA 355.40
Carbon Dioxide	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
Helium	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
Nitrogen	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.

### **SARA 370.21**

	Acute	Chronic	Fire	Reactive	Sudden Release
Carbon Dioxide	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Helium	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Nitrogen	Yes	No	No	No	Yes

### **SARA 372.65**

Carbon Dioxide	Not regulated.
Helium	Not regulated.
Nitrogen	Not regulated.

**OSHA Process Safety** 

Carbon Dioxide	Not regulated.
Helium	Not regulated.
Nitrogen	Not regulated.

**State Regulations** 

	CA Proposition 65
Carbon Dioxide	Not regulated.
Helium	Not regulated.
Nitrogen	Not regulated.

**Canadian Regulations** 

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	WHMIS Classification
Carbon Dioxide	Α
Helium	Α
Nitrogen	Α

**National Inventory Status** 

realistic inventory status				
	US Inventory (TSCA)	TSCA 12b Export Notification	Canada Inventory (DSL/NDSL)	
Carbon Dioxide	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.	
Helium	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Not determined.	
Nitrogen	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.	

# **Section 16: Other Information**

	NFPA Rating
Carbon Dioxide	HEALTH=3 FIRE=0 REACTIVITY=0 SPECIAL=SA
Helium	HEALTH=0 FIRE=0 REACTIVITY=0 SPECIAL=SA
Nitrogen	HEALTH=0 FIRE=0 REACTIVITY=0 SPECIAL=SA

<sup>0 =</sup> minimal hazard, 1 = slight hazard, 2 = moderate hazard, 3 = severe hazard, 4 = extreme hazard