

Safety Data Sheet

Carbon Dioxide - Solid, Dry Ice

Section 1: Product and Company Identification

Cee Kay Supply, Inc 5835 Manchester Avenue Saint Louis, MO 63110

www.CeeKay.com (314) 644-3500

Product Code: Carbon Dioxide - Solid, Dry Ice

Synonyms:

Recommended Use: Usage Restrictions:

Section 2: Hazards Identification

Warning

Hazard Classification:

Not classified by Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling (GHS) (Category 1)

Hazard Statements:

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. May increase respiration and heart rate. May cause frostbite.

Precautionary Statements:

Prevention:

- Keep out of reach of children.
- Read label before use.

Response:

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical Substance	Chemical Family	Trade Names
CARBON DIOXIDE	Inorganic gases	CARBONIC ACID GAS; CARBONIC ANHYDRIDE; CARBON DIOXIDE; CARBON OXIDE; UN 1013; CO2; Dry Ice

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Skin Contact	Eye Contact	Ingestion	Inhalation	Note to Physicians
If frostbite or freezing occur, immediately flush with plenty of lukewarm water (105-115 F; 41-46 C). DO NOT USE HOT WATER. If warm water is not available, gently wrap affected parts in blankets. Get immediate medical attention.	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	Do not induce vomiting.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.

Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media	Products of Combustion	Protection of Firefighters				
Non-flammable	Non-flammable	Any appropriate escape-type, self-contained breathing apparatus. Non-flammable				

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions	Environmental Pre	Methods for Containment	
Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Do not touch spilled material.	3	Safe Drinking Water and at of 1986 (Proposition 65). Oplies and sewers.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk.
Methods for Cleanup	Other Information		
Ston leak evacuate remove source of ignition	None		

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Handling	Storage
Avoid materials incompatible with cryogenic use; some metals such as carbon steel may fracture easily at low temperature. Vapor can cause rapid suffocation due to oxygen deficiency. Never allow any unprotected part of your body to touch solid carbon dioxide or to touch uninsulated pipes or vessels containing solid or liquid carbon dioxide or cold carbon dioxide gas. Not only can you suffer frostbite, your skin may stick fast to the cold surfaces. Use tongs or insulated gloves when handling solid carbon dioxide or objects in contact cold carbon dioxide in any form. Wear protective clothing and equipment.	Store and use with adequate ventilation. Do not store in tight containers or confined spaces. Storage areas should be clean and dry. Solid carbon dioxide is generally delivered to customers in 50-lb (22.7-kg), ½-cubic ft (0.0142 cubic meter) blocks (approximate dimensions), wrapped in kraft paper. Small pellets or nuggets are also produced. The product should be stored in insulated containers that open from the top. Lids should fit loosely so the carbon dioxide vapor given off as the solid sublimes can escape into the atmosphere. Carbon dioxide gas is about 1½ times as heavy as air and will accumulate in low-lying areas, so ventilation must be adequate at floor or below grade level.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Exposure Guidelines

ACGIH ACGIH TLV-TWA (ppm) 5000 ppm ACGIH ACGIH TLV-STEL (ppm) 30000 ppm USA OSHA OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) 5000 ppm

Engineering Controls

Handle only in fully enclosed systems.

Eye Protection	Skin Protection	Respiratory Protection
Wear splash resistant safety goggles. Contact lenses should not be worn. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.	protective, cold	Any appropriate escape-type, self-contained breathing apparatus.

General Hygiene considerations

- Avoid breathing vapor or mist
- Avoid contact with eyes and skin
- Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating or drinking

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical Sta	ate	Appearanc	e Color	Change	in Appearance	Physic	al Form	Odor	Та	aste	
Solid		White	White	N/A		Solid		Odorless	Ac	id taste	
Flash Point	Fla	ammability	Partition Coefficion		Autoignition Temperature		Upper E	Explosive		Lower Limits	Explosive
Not flammable	No	t available	N/A		Nonflammable		Nonflami	mable		Nonflan	nmable

Boiling Point	Free Poin	_	Vapor Pressi e		Vapo Dens y		Specifi c Gravity	Water Solubilit y	рН		Odoi Thre d		Evaporatio n Rate	Viscosit y
Not availabl e	temp	imation erature 5C (- 3F)	43700 mmHg 21 C	@	1.5 (Air=1	1)	1.522 @ 21 C	Soluble	d ad solu @ 1 kPa	bonic	Not availa	able	Not applicable	0.01657 cP @ 0 C
Molecula Weight	ar	Molecu Formu		De	nsity		eight per Ilon	Volatility Volume	by	Volat	ility	Solve	ent Solubility	
44.01		C-O2		0.1	14	Not	t available	Not applical	ble	Not applica	able		le: Alcohol, ace	

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Stability	Conditions to	Avoid	Inco	ompatible Materials		
Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.		sical damage and heat. Containers explode if exposed to heat. Avoid er or moisture.	Combustible materials, oxidizing materials, metal salts, reducing agents, metal carbide, metals, bases			
Hazardous Decompo	sition Products	Possibility of Hazardous Reac	tions			
Carbon monoxide		Will not polymerize.				

Section 11: Toxicology Information

Acute Effects

Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalatio	n				
Not established	Not established		After sublimation: ringing in the ears, nausea, irregular heartbeat, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, tingling sensation, visual disturbances, suffocation, convulsions, coma				
Eye Irritation	Skin Irritation		Sensitization				
Frostbite	Liquid: blisters, frostbite		Frostbite. Sublimes to vapor at -109F (-78C). Danger of asphyxiation after sublimation.				

Chronic Effects

Carcinogenicity	Mutagenicity	Reproductive Effects	Developmental Effects
Not available	Not established	Available.	No data

Section 12: Ecological Information

Fate and Transport

Eco toxicity	Persistence / Degradability	Bioaccumulation / Accumulation	Mobility in Environment
Fish toxicity: 150000 ug/L 48 day(s) (Mortality) Brown trout (Salmo Trotta) Invertebrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Relatively non-persistent in the environment. Moderately volatile from water.	Accumulates very little in the bodies of living organisms.	Leaches through the soil

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Section 14: Transportation Information

U.S. DOT 49 CFR 172.101

				Quantity Limitations			
Proper Shipping Name	ID Number	Hazard Class or Division	Packing Group	Labeling Requirements	Passenger Aircraft or Railcar	Cargo Aircraft Only	Additional Shipping Description
Carbon dioxide, solid or Dry Ice	UN1845	9	111	N/A	200kg	200kg	None

Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods

Shipping Name	UN Number	Class	s Packing Group / Risk Grou	
Carbon dioxide, solid or Dry Ice	UN1845	9	III	

Section 15: Regulatory Information

U.S. Regulations

CERCLA Sections	SARA 355.30	SARA 355.40	
Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	

SARA 370.21

Acute	Chronic	Fire	Reactive	Sudden Release
Yes	No	No	No	Yes

SARA 372.65

Not regulated.

OSHA Process Safety

Not regulated.

State Regulations

CA Proposition 65: Not regulated.

Canadian Regulations WHMIS Classification: A

National Inventory Status

US Inventory (TSCA)	TSCA 12b Export Notification	Canada Inventory (DSL/NDSL)
Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.

Section 16: Other Information

NFPA Rating
HEALTH=3 FIRE=0 REACTIVITY=0

0 = minimal hazard, 1 = slight hazard, 2 = moderate hazard, 3 = severe hazard, 4 = extreme hazard